Bacteria TMDL Development for Molluscan Shellfish Waters in Oyster & Mosquito Creeks

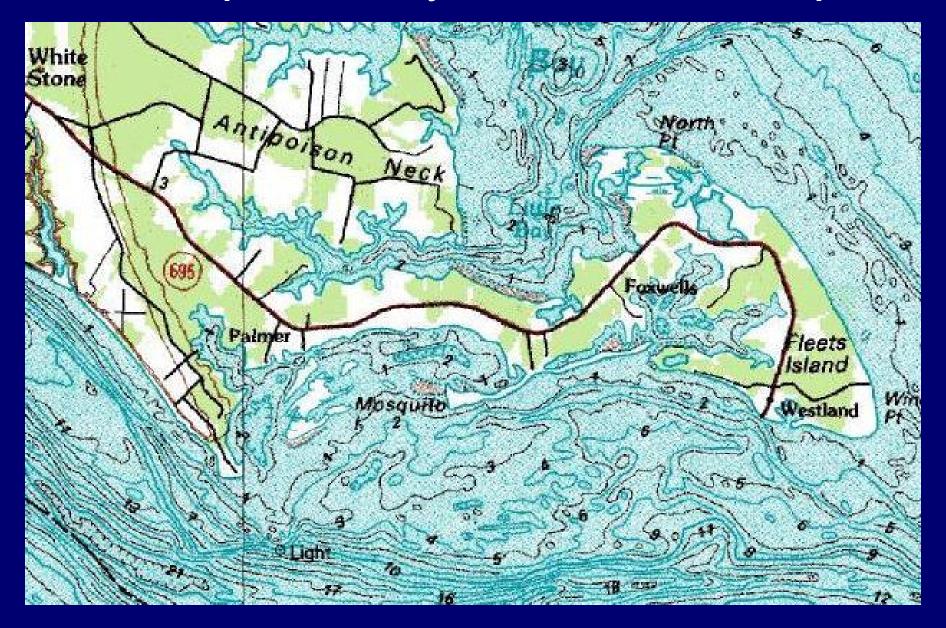
First Public Meetings



November 14, 2008 Kilmarnock, VA



Mosquito & Oyster Creeks Map



What is a TMDL?

TMDL = Total Maximum Daily Load =
maximum amount of a pollutant that
can enter a waterbody without violating
water quality standards (WQS)



WQS = numeric or narrative limits on pollutants that ensure the protection of human health and of aquatic life



Why are TMDL studies necessary?

- TMDLs must be developed for water bodies that do not meet water quality standards (impaired waters).
- Impaired waters occur throughout Virginia in lakes, streams, and tidal waters.
- In Virginia, TMDLs for 210± impaired waters must be developed by 2010.
 - Of these, 25± are shellfish TMDLs under a consent order.

People involved in the Process:

Virginia Department of Health - Division of Shellfish Sanitation



 Virginia Department of Conservation and Recreation



 Virginia Department of Environmental Quality



 Other State Agencies, Local Governments and Planning Districts



 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and other appropriate federal agencies



• Citizens groups, educational institutions environmental groups, & local business



· YOU!

What information is used to develop a TMDL?

- VDH Sanitary Shoreline Survey
- VDH Bacteria monitoring data
- Population estimates for humans, pets, wildlife, livestock (Census, VIMS, DCR, DGIF, & the public)
- Affected waters volume
- Bacterial Source Tracking Data (BST)
- Land Use, Climate, Tide, etc.
- DEQ permit data
- DEQ spill response and remediation data

Virginia's TMDL Development Process

- Public notice for TMDL development
- TMDL study
- Public notice for Draft TMDL
- Final TMDL report
- EPA approval
- Implementation process
- ==> **Many opportunities for public input and participation!**

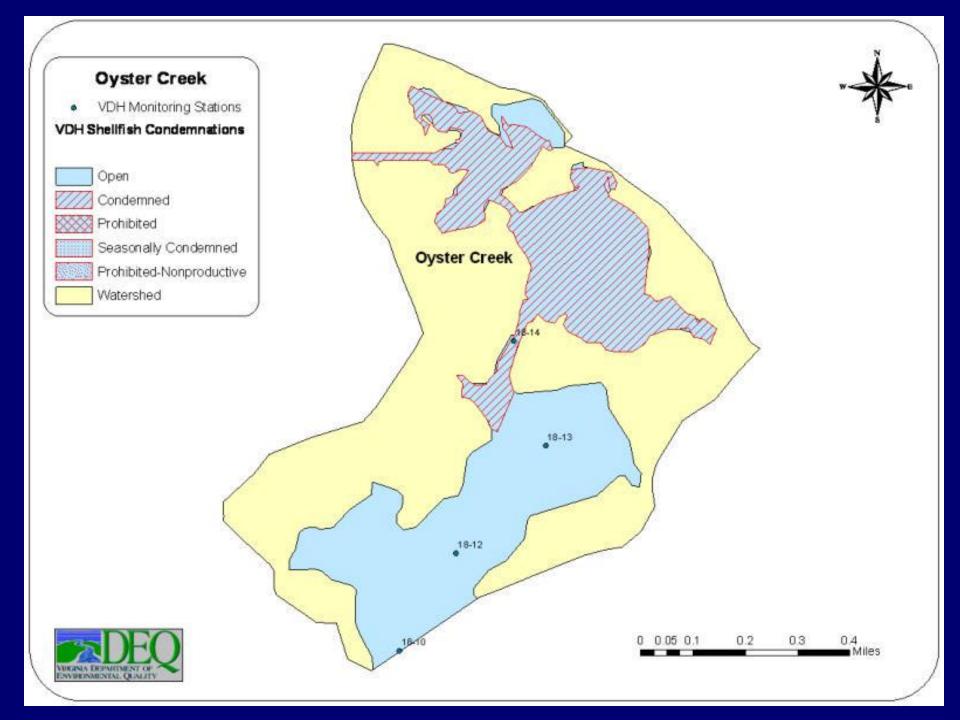


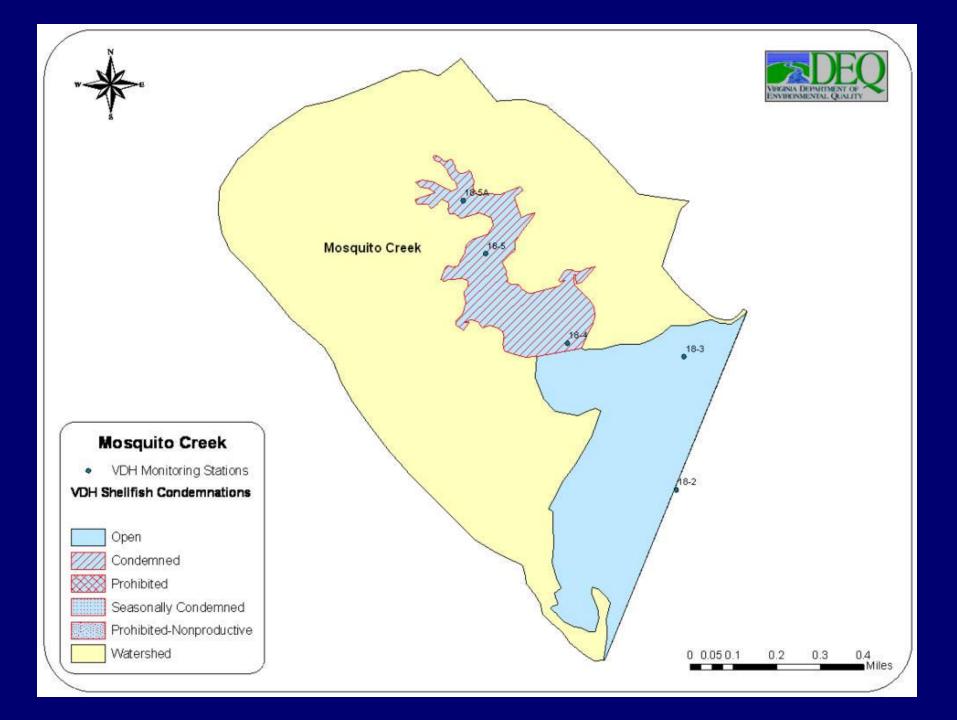


Why is a TMDL needed for the Oyster & Mosquito Creeks Watersheds?

- VDH Division of Shellfish Sanitation (DSS) monitors fecal coliform levels in shellfish waters
- Applicable water quality standards
 - 30-month geometric mean not exceeding 14 MPN/100 mL
 - and a 90th percentile not exceeding 49 MPN/100 mL
- The portions of Oyster & Mosquito Creeks that currently fail these standards are:





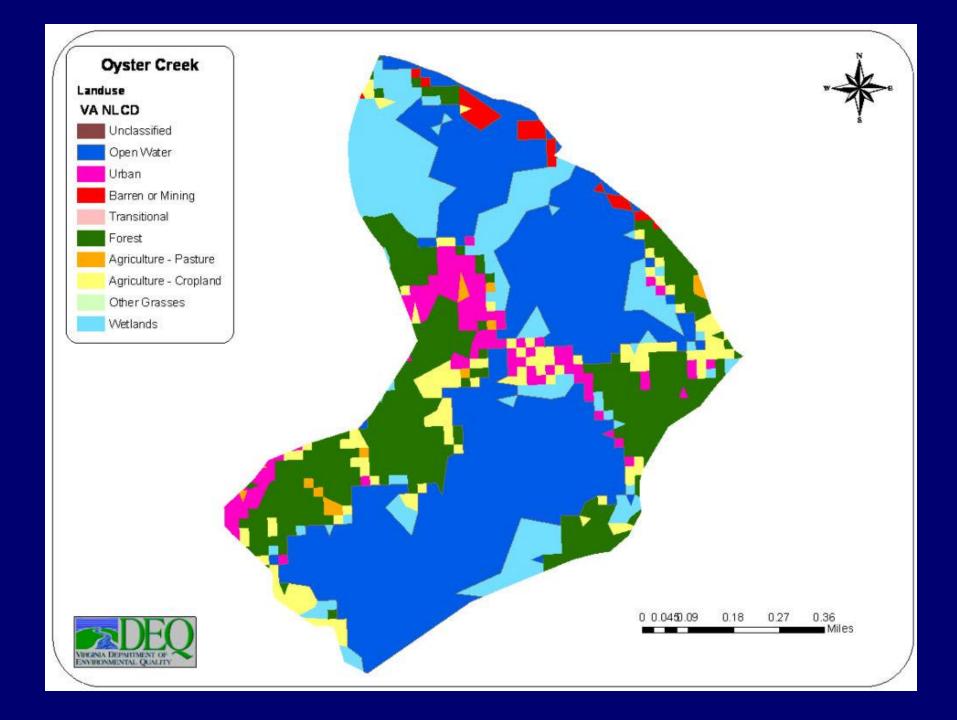


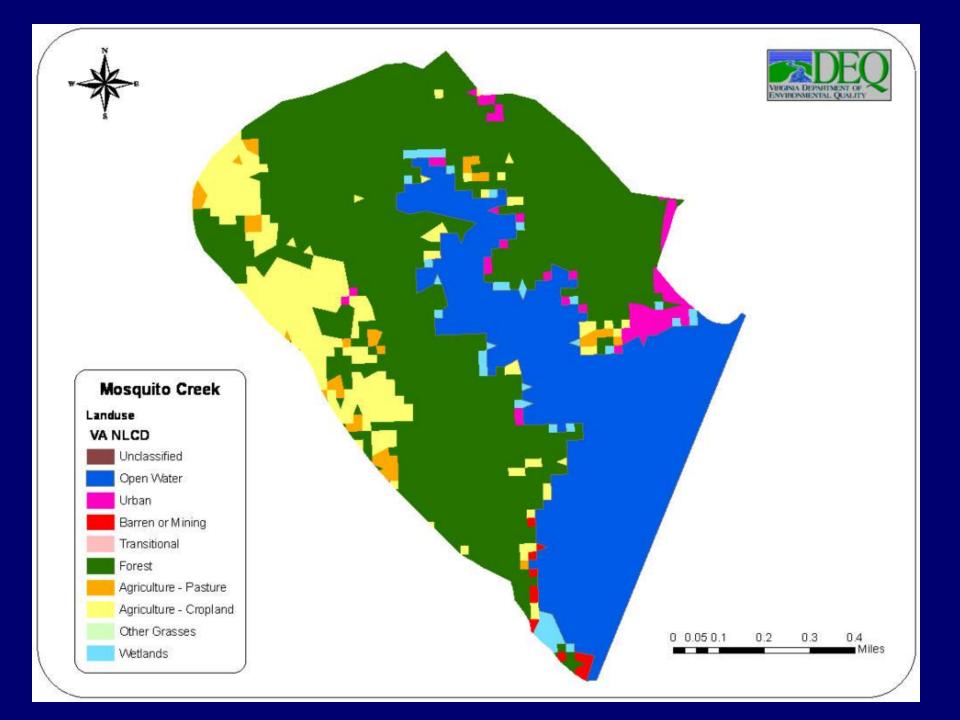
Water Quality Data Summary for Oyster & Mosquito Creeks - Growing Area 18

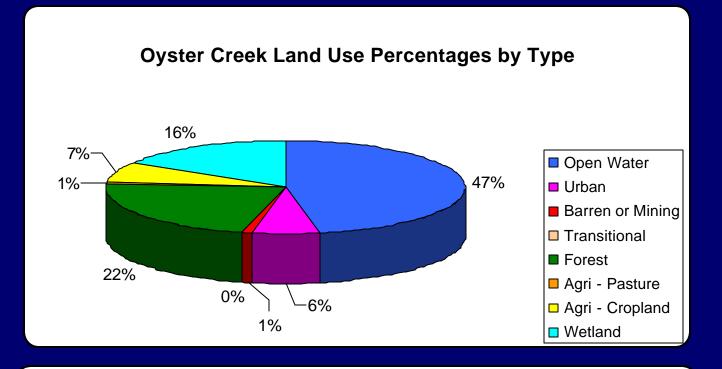
90th Percentile represents the more stringent reduction

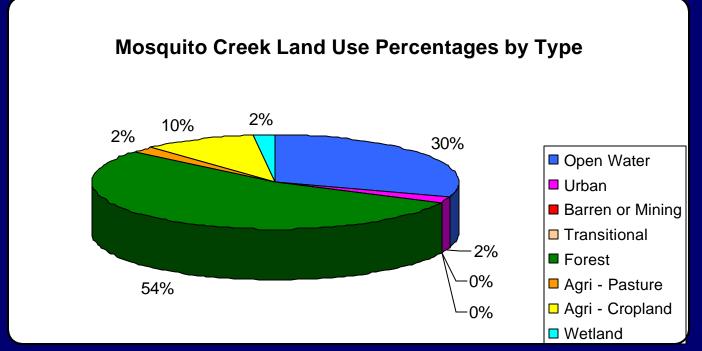
Station	Condemnation Area	Total Observations (one/Month)	Geometric Mean	Station Violates Geometric Standard: 14 MPN	90 th Percentile	Station Violates 90th Percentile Standard: 49 MPN					
Mosquito Creek											
18-5A	203	110	18.58	Yes	173.91	Yes					
18-5	203	260	16.53	Yes	93.97	Yes					
18-4	203	259	11.33	No	80.36	Yes					
Oyster Creek											
18-14	186/053	219	11.78	No	85.26	Yes					











Tidal Volumetric Model + BST TMDL Approach

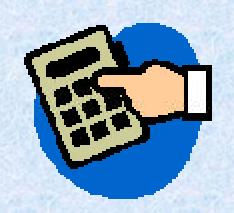
- Calculate volume of impaired water
- Calculate the acceptable loading;

Water Quality Standard (WQS) x Volume

Calculate actual loading;

Critical fecal count x Volume

Source determination;
 Fecal samples collected for BST are subjected to Antibiotic Resistance Analysis (ARA) and compared with known fecal samples





Use of Bacterial Source Tracking in TMDLs

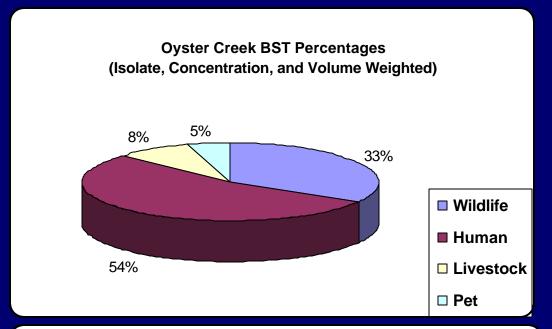
- VDH-DSS monitoring data is used to calculate critical fecal count
- Supplementary BST samples at selected stations are used to help identify bacteria sources
- Antibiotic Resistance Analysis BST method for source load allocation into 4 categories:

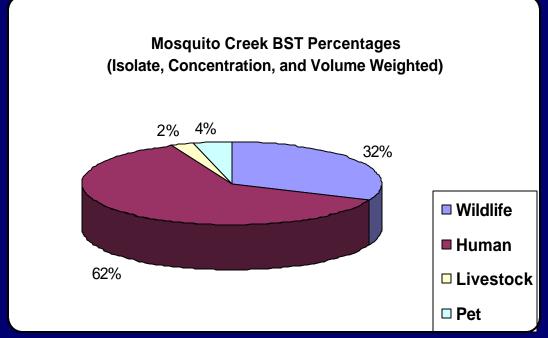


- 1. Human
- 2. Pets
- 3. Livestock
- 4. Wildlife



Weighted Oyster & Mosquito Creeks BST Sources







Non-Point Source Contribution Numbers

Domestic Animals and Septic Systems observed contributing pollution for Oyster and Mosquito Creeks (as sited in VDH Sanitary Survey)

Fecal Coliform Sources	Oyster & Mosquito Creek
Sheep	5
Horses	i
Septic (human)	5

Livestock and Wildlife Population Estimates for Collective Watersheds

	Cattle	Chickens	Horses	Dogs	Deer	Raccoons	Ducks	Geese
Oyster Creek	1	0	0	34	29	81	422	315
Mosquito Creek	*7	2	0	66	60	105	501	373
Total for Collective Watershed	8	2	0	99	89	186	924	688

Next Steps...

- 30 Day Public Comment Period
 - Ends December 15th, 2008
 - Comments must include the name, address, and telephone number of the commenter. All comments will receive a written response and will be incorporated into the final report that will be sent to EPA.
- TMDL Development Continues...
- Final Public Meetings
 - Planned for 1st week of January



- Final 30 Day Public Comment Period
- Report Submitted to EPA for approval
- Implementation Planning (scheduling by DCR)



Questions?? Comments??

Presentation available at:

http://www.deq.virginia.gov/tmdl/mtgppt.html

Please send comments & questions to:

DEQ - Piedmont Regional Office Attn: Margaret Smigo 4949-A Cox Road Glen Allen, VA 23060 Email: mjsmigo@deq.virginia.gov

TMDL Website:



http://www.deq.virginia.gov/tmdl